



**UPS/IBT Full-Time Employee
Pension Plan**



April 1, 2011

Dear Participant:

The accompanying notice is sent to you as required by the United States government. It is a snapshot of the funding of the plan as of January 1, 2010. We wanted to update you regarding the funding of your pension plan and your pension.

As you know, 2008 was the first full year of operation for the new UPS/IBT Full-Time Employee Pension Plan. Not only was the Plan brand new, it also assumed liabilities for certain pension obligations from the Central States Pension Fund. During the negotiations that led to the creation of the Plan, UPS committed to the full funding of the Plan in accordance with applicable law to provide you with the pension benefits that you have earned in the Plan. To accomplish that goal, the Trustees of the Plan retained a nationally recognized actuarial firm to study the plan and recommend the appropriate levels of contributions to assure a sound and solvent plan. The Plan's actuaries, Towers Watson, regularly review the Plan's funding levels and determine UPS' minimum required contributions. During 2010, UPS contributed \$980.2 million dollars to the Plan. Those contributions are reflected in the attached Notice. In January 2011, UPS contributed another \$1.2 billion to the Plan, which represented both an acceleration of quarterly contribution requirements that would have been required in 2011 and over \$350 million in contributions that would not have been required until after 2011. With that additional contribution, the Plan was fully funded on an accounting basis. UPS will continue to contribute so as to maintain the Plan on a sound actuarial basis and in accordance with applicable law.

Despite the economic realities of the present, your Trustees are committed to the goal of establishing and maintaining your Plan so as to provide you with the pension benefits set forth in the collective bargaining agreement. The Plan has timely paid its benefit obligations and will continue to do so in the future.

If you have any questions about this notice, or any other questions regarding your pension under the Plan, please do not hesitate to call the Plan at 1-800-643-4442.

Sincerely,

Ken Hall, Co-Chair

Chris Langan, Co-Chair

TEAMSTER TRUSTEES

Ken Hall, Co-Chair
Dave Robinson
Kenneth W. Wood
Mike Stapleton

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

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Atlanta, GA 30328
(800) 643-4442

UPS TRUSTEES

Chris Langan, Co-Chair
Brian McCabe
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ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE
For
The UPS/IBT Full-Time Employee Pension Plan

Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your pension plan ("the Plan") and general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called "defined benefit pension plans") must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is for the plan year beginning January 1, 2010 and ending December 31, 2010 ("Plan Year").

How Well Funded Is Your Plan

Under federal law, the plan must report how well it is funded by using a measure called the "funding target attainment percentage." This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's Net Plan Assets by Plan Liabilities on the Valuation Date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. Your Plan's funding target attainment percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is shown in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

Funding Target Attainment Percentage			
	2010	2009	2008
1. Valuation Date	January 1, 2010	January 1, 2009	January 1, 2008
2. Plan Assets			
a. Total Plan Assets	\$1,437,534,653	\$488,780,756	\$0
b. Funding Standard Carryover Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0
c. Prefunding Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0
d. Net Plan Assets (a) - (b) - (c) = (d)	\$1,437,534,653	\$488,780,756	\$0
3. Plan Liabilities	\$2,369,228,422	\$1,694,754,579	\$1,777,190,007
4. At-Risk Liabilities	\$3,040,273,941	\$1,979,000,334	not applicable
5. Funding Target Attainment Percentage (2d)/(3)	60.7%	28.8%	0.0%

Plan Assets and Credit Balances

Total Plan Assets is the value of the Plan's assets on the Valuation Date (see line 2 in the chart above). Credit balances were subtracted from Total Plan Assets to determine Net Plan Assets (line 2 d) used in the calculation of the funding target attainment percentage shown in the chart above. While pension plans are permitted to maintain credit balances (also called "funding

standard carryover balances" or "prefunding balances" see 2 b & c in the chart above) for funding purposes, they may not be taken into account when calculating a plan's funding target attainment percentage. A plan might have a credit balance, for example, if in a prior year an employer made contributions to the plan above the minimum level required by law. Generally, the excess contributions are counted as "credits" and may be applied in future years toward the minimum level of contributions a plan sponsor is required to make by law.

Plan Liabilities

Plan Liabilities shown in line 3 of the chart above are the liabilities used to determine the Plan's Funding Target Attainment Percentage. This figure is an estimate of the amount of assets the Plan needs on the Valuation Date to pay for promised benefits under the plan.

At-Risk Liabilities

If a plan's funding target attainment percentage for the prior plan year is below a specified legal threshold, the plan is considered under law to be in "at-risk" status. This means that the plan is required to use actuarial assumptions that result in a higher value of plan liabilities and, as a consequence, requires the employer to contribute more money to the plan. For example, plans in "at-risk" status are required to assume that all workers eligible to retire in the next 10 years will do so as soon as they can, and that they will take their distribution in whatever form would create the highest cost to the plan, without regard to whether those workers actually do so. The additional funding that results from "at-risk" status may then remove the plan from this status. The Plan has been determined to be in "at-risk" status in 2009 and 2010. The increased liabilities to the Plan as a result of being in "at-risk" status are reflected in the At-Risk Liabilities row in the chart above.

Year-End Assets and Liabilities

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the first day of the Plan Year. As of December 31, 2010, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$2,433,811,808. On this same date, the Plan's liabilities were \$3,797,539,151.

Participant Information

The total number of participants in the Plan as of the Plan's valuation date was 59,417. Of this number, 48,198 were active participants, 2,545 were retired or separated from service and receiving benefits, and 8,674 were retired or separated from service and entitled to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

Every pension plan must have a procedure for establishing a funding policy to carry out plan objectives. A funding policy relates to the level of assets needed to pay for promised benefits. The funding policy of the Plan is to fund in accordance with applicable law.

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials, called fiduciaries, who make specific investments in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning investment management decisions. The primary investment goal is to ensure that the Plan's liabilities are satisfied when due. A secondary investment goal is to achieve an investment return on Plan

assets consistent with a reasonable level of risk that, over the long term, meets or exceeds the rate of return used for Plan funding policy purposes.

Under the Plan's investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

Asset Allocation	Percentage
1. Cash (interest bearing and non-interest bearing)	0%
2. U.S. Government securities	0%
3. Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities):	0%
Preferred	0%
All other	0%
4. Corporate stocks (other than employer securities):	0%
Preferred	0%
Common	0%
5. Partnership / joint venture interests	0%
6. Real estate (other than employer real property)	0%
7. Loans (other than to participants)	0%
8. Participant loans	0%
9. Value of interest in common / collective trusts	0%
10. Value of interest in pooled separate accounts	0%
11. Value of interest in master trust investment accounts	100%
12. Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities	0%
13. Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds)	0%
14. Value of funds held in insurance co. general account (unallocated contracts)	0%
15. Employer-related investments:	0%
Employer Securities	0%
Employer real property	0%
16. Buildings and other property used in plan operation	0%
17. Other	0%

Master Trust Investments	Percentage
1. Cash (interest bearing and non-interest bearing)	0%
2. U.S. Government securities	17%
3. Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities)	13%
4. Corporate common stocks (other than employer securities)	23%
5. Employer-related securities	2%
6. Partnership / joint venture interests	20%
7. Value of interest in common/collective trusts	20%
8. Other	5%

For information about the plan's investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, master trust investment accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact the Board of Trustees, UPS/IBT Full-Time Employee Pension Plan, at 55 Glenlake Parkway, NE, Atlanta, GA 30328 or by phone at 1.800.643.4442 .

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

A pension plan is required to file with the US Department of Labor an annual report called the Form 5500 that contains financial and other information about the plan. Copies of the annual report are available from the US Department of Labor. Employee Benefits Security

Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. For 2009 and subsequent plan years, you may obtain an electronic copy of the plan's annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the Form 5500 search function. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Individual information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit under the plan, is not contained in the annual report. If you are seeking information regarding your benefits under the plan, contact the plan administrator identified below under "Where To Get More Information."

Summary of Rules Governing Termination of Single-Employer Plans

If a plan is terminated, there are specific termination rules that must be followed under federal law. A summary of these rules follows.

There are two ways an employer can terminate its pension plan. First, the employer can end the plan in a "standard termination" but only after showing the PBGC that the plan has enough money to pay all benefits owed to participants. Under a standard termination, the plan must either purchase an annuity from an insurance company (which will provide you with periodic retirement benefits, such as monthly, for life or for a set period of time when you retire) or, if your plan allows, issue one lump-sum payment that covers your entire benefit. Your plan administrator must give you advance notice that identifies the insurance company (or companies) that your employer may select to provide the annuity. The PBGC's guarantee ends when your employer purchases your annuity or gives you the lump-sum payment.

Second, if the plan is not fully-funded, the employer may apply for a distress termination. To do so, however, the employer must be in financial distress and prove to a bankruptcy court or to the PBGC that the employer cannot remain in business unless the plan is terminated. If the application is granted, the PBGC will take over the plan as trustee and pay plan benefits, up to the legal limits, using plan assets and PBGC guarantee funds.

Under certain circumstances, the PBGC may take action on its own to end a pension plan. Most terminations initiated by the PBGC occur when the PBGC determines that plan termination is needed to protect the interests of plan participants or of the PBGC insurance program. The PBGC can do so if, for example, a plan does not have enough money to pay benefits currently due.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

When the PBGC takes over a plan, it pays pension benefits through its insurance program. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that cannot be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. Most participants and beneficiaries receive all of the pension benefits they would have received under their plan, but some people may lose certain benefits that are not guaranteed.

The amount of benefits that PBGC guarantees is determined as of the plan termination date. However, if a plan terminates during a plan sponsor's bankruptcy and the bankruptcy proceeding began on or after September 16, 2006, then the amount guaranteed is determined as of the date the sponsor entered bankruptcy.

The PBGC maximum benefit guarantee is set by law and is updated each calendar year. For a plan with a termination date or sponsor bankruptcy date, as applicable in 2011, the maximum guarantee is \$4,500 per month, or \$54,000 per year, for a benefit paid to a 65-year-old retiree with no survivor benefit. If a plan terminates during a plan sponsor's bankruptcy, and the bankruptcy

proceeding began on or after September 16, 2006, the maximum guarantee is fixed as of the calendar year in which the sponsor entered bankruptcy. The maximum guarantee is lower for an individual who begins receiving benefits from PBGC before age 65; the maximum guarantee by age can be found on PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov. The guaranteed amount is also reduced if a benefit will be provided to a survivor of the plan participant.

The PBGC guarantees "basic benefits" earned before a plan is terminated, which includes:

- pension benefits at normal retirement age;
- most early retirement benefits;
- annuity benefits for survivors of plan participants; and
- disability benefits for a disability that occurred before the date the plan terminated or the date the sponsor entered bankruptcy, as applicable.

The PBGC does not guarantee certain types of benefits:

- The PBGC does not guarantee benefits for which you do not have a vested right, usually because you have not worked enough years for the company.
- The PBGC does not guarantee benefits for which you have not met all age, service, or other requirements.
- Benefit increases and new benefits that have been in place for less than one year are not guaranteed. Those that have been in place for less than five years are only partly guaranteed.
- Early retirement payments that are greater than payments at normal retirement age may not be guaranteed. For example, a supplemental benefit that stops when you become eligible for Social Security may not be guaranteed.
- Benefits other than pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay, are not guaranteed.
- The PBGC generally does not pay lump sums exceeding \$5,000.

In some circumstances, participants and beneficiaries still may receive some benefits that are not guaranteed. This depends on how much money the terminated plan has and how much the PBGC recovers from employers for plan underfunding.

Corporate and Actuarial Information on File with PBGC

A plan sponsor must provide the PBGC with financial information about itself and actuarial information about the plan under certain circumstances, such as when the funding target attainment percentage of the plan (or any other pension plan sponsored by a member of the sponsor's controlled group) falls below 80 percent (other triggers may also apply). The sponsor of the Plan, UPS, and members of its controlled group, if any, were subject to this requirement to provide corporate financial information and plan actuarial information to the PBGC. The PBGC uses this information for oversight and monitoring purposes.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact the Board of Trustees, UPS/IBT Full-Time Employee Pension Plan, at 55 Glenlake Parkway, NE, Atlanta, GA 30328 or by phone at 1.800.643.4442. For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 26-6150755. For more information about the PBGC, go to PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov.